

Hardwood Plywood (various)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name: Hardwood Plywood (various)
Manufacturer/Supplier Trade name: SkyPly, RediBead, RediPly, RediFinish
 Hardwood Plywood, Hardwood Plywood
 with UV coating, Hardwood Plywood SWPW core, Plywood and
 Composite Panel core

Recommended uses of the product and restrictions on use: Building Material - Decorative, Industrial

Manufacturer Details:

Roseburg
 P.O. Box 1088
 Roseburg, Oregon 97470
 (541) 679-3311

Supplier Details:

N/A

Emergency telephone number:

Roseburg: 541-679-3311

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture:

Not classified for physical or health hazards under GHS. Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Combustible Dust.

Hazard statements:

Precautionary statements:

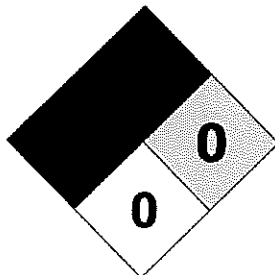
If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
 Read label before use.

Other Non-GHS Classification:

WHMIS



NFPA/HMIS



NFPA SCALE (0-4)

Health	1
Flammability	1
Physical Hazard	0
Personal Protection	X

HMIS RATINGS (0-4)

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

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Ingredients:		
CAS n/a	Wood	93-95 %
CAS N/A	UF Resin	3-7 %
CAS N/A	UV Filler	< 2 %
CAS 9003-35-4	Phenol Formaldehyde Resin	< 3 %
Percentages are by weight		

SECTION 4: First aid measures
Description of first aid measures

After inhalation: Get medical assistance if cough or other symptoms appear.

After skin contact: Rinse/flush exposed skin gently using soap and water for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical advice if discomfort or irritation persists. Wood dust of certain species may elicit allergic contact dermatitis in sensitized individuals and can cause mechanical irritation. Wash affected areas with soap and water. Seek medical attention if rash, irritation or dermatitis persists.

After eye contact: Protect unexposed eye. Rinse/flush exposed eye(s) gently using water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists or if concerned.

After swallowing: None

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Repeated exposure skin sensitization possible.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If seeking medical attention, provide SDS document to physician. Physician should treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures
Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents: Use appropriate fire suppression agents for adjacent combustible materials or sources of ignition. Use water, dry chemical, chemical foam, carbon dioxide, or alcohol-resistant foam.

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: None

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. FIRE can result in carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, aldehydes, cyanides and other hazardous gases and particles. Fine wood dust may be generated with the chips are ground or further machined. Fine wood dust can be explosive in the presence of an ignition source depending on particle size and moisture content. Airborne concentrations of 40 grams per cubic meter are often used as the lower explosive limit (LEL) for wood dusts. OSHA interprets the explosive level as having no visibility within five feet or less.

Advice for firefighters:

Protective equipment: Use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection/breathing apparatus.

Additional information (precautions): Move product containers away from fire or keep cool with water spray as a protective measure, where feasible. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Avoid inhaling gases, fumes, dust, mist, vapor, and aerosols. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

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Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear protective equipment. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions:

None

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Wood dust generated from sawing, sanding, or machining may be vacuumed or shoveled for recovery or disposal. Avoid dusty conditions and provide good ventilation. Use NIOSH/MSHA-approved respiratory protection and goggles where exposure limits may be exceeded. Wear protective eyewear, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).

Reference to other sections:

None

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Refer to Section 8.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store away from incompatible materials. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Keep away from food and beverages. Provide ventilation for containers. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame. Store in cool, dry conditions in well-sealed containers. Store with like hazards.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection



Control Parameters:

n/a, Wood Dust, OSHA PEL TWA (Total Dust) 15 mg/m³ (50 mppcf*).
n/a, Wood Dust, ACGIH TLV TWA (inhalable particles) 1 mg/m³.
50-00-0, Formaldehyde, OSHA PEL TWA 0.75 ppm.
50-00-0, Formaldehyde, ACGIH TLV STEL 0.3 ppm.

Appropriate Engineering controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or dusts (total/respirable) below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above.

Respiratory protection:

Not required under normal conditions of use.

Protection of skin:

Wear protective clothing. Protective Gloves: Cloth, canvas or leather gloves are recommended for protection against mechanical irritation or wood splinters.

Eye protection:

Wear equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses or goggles are appropriate eye protection.

General hygienic measures:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state,color):	Solid	Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	Not determined Not determined
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Odor:	Not Determined	Vapor pressure:	Not determined
Odor threshold:	Not determined	Vapor density:	Not determined
pH-value:	Not Determined	Relative density:	Not determined
Melting/Freezing point:	Not determined	Solubilities:	<0.1% in water.
Boiling point/Boiling range:	Not determined	Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Flash point (closed cup):	Not determined	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Evaporation rate:	Not determined	Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Flammability (solid,gaseous):	Not determined	Viscosity:	a. Kinematic: Not determined b. Dynamic: Not determined
Density: Not determined			

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Nonreactive under normal conditions.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possible hazardous reactions: None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid: Incompatible Materials. Avoid open flame. Product may ignite at temperatures in excess of 400F (204C).

Incompatible materials: Concentrated acids or bases will alter the product.

Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal and/or thermal-oxidative decomposition can produce irritating toxic fumes and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, phenol, formaldehyde, sulfur oxides, nitrogen oxides, and hazardous particles.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity: No additional information.	
Chronic Toxicity: No additional information.	
Corrosion Irritation: No additional information.	
Sensitization:	No additional information.
Single Target Organ (STOT):	No additional information.
Numerical Measures:	No additional information.
Carcinogenicity:	Wood Dust: Wood Dust Carcinogenicity Listing: Wood dust is listed by NTP known to be a Human Carcinogen (10th Report), IARC Monographs: Wood dust, Group 1 - IARC Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans; sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity. This classification is primarily based on studies showing an association between occupational exposure to wood dust and adenocarcinoma of the nasal cavities and paranasal sinuses. IARC did not find sufficient evidence of an association between occupational exposure to wood dust and cancers of the hypopharynx, oropharynx, lymphatic and hematopoietic systems, lungs, stomach, colon or rectum.
Mutagenicity:	No additional information.

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Reproductive Toxicity:	No additional information.
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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Eco toxicity: None
Persistence and degradability: None
Bio accumulative potential: None
Mobility in soil: None
Other adverse effects: None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste disposal recommendations:

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11).

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN-Number

Not Regulated.

UN proper shipping name

Not Regulated.

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group: Not Regulated

Environmental hazard: None

Transport in bulk:

Special precautions for user: None

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

United States (USA)

SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

Acute, Chronic

SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients are listed.

RCRA (hazardous waste code):

None of the ingredients are listed.

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):

50-00-0 Formaldehyde 260 lbs.

Proposition 65 (California):

Chemicals known to cause cancer:

n/a Wood Dust

50-00-0 Formaldehyde

13463-67-7 Titanium dioxide

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Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients are listed.

California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): Title 22 California Code of Regulations requires that a clear and reasonable warning be given before exposure to chemicals listed by the State of California as causing cancer or reproductive toxicity. Formaldehyde, wood dust and Titanium dioxide are on California's list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer.

Prop 65 WARNING:

Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products generates wood dust and other substances known to the State of California to cause cancer. Avoid inhaling dust generated from wood products or use a dust mask or other safeguards for personal protection. Wood products emit chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Canada

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):

None of the ingredients are listed.

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):

None of the ingredients are listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations. Prop 65 WARNING: Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products generates wood dust and other substances known to the State of California to cause cancer. Avoid inhaling dust generated from wood products or use a dust mask or other safeguards for personal protection. Note. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

None

Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)
HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)
WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)
DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)
PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

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CFR: Code of Federal Regulations(USA)

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA)

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act(USA)

NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada)

DOT: US Department of Transportation

Effective date: 10.24.2014

Last updated: 06.15.2015